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8000 10000

12000

14000 16000

Distance X [mm

4000 6000

. Χ Curve 1: flat surface 100 mm x 100 mm Curve 2: round bar, Ø 25 mm

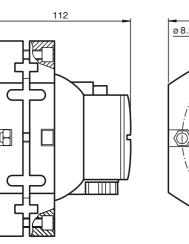
2000

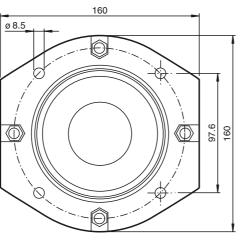
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UC10000-F260-IE9R2

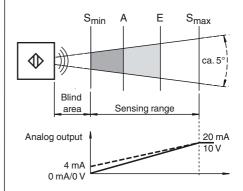
Dimensions



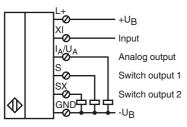


Additional Information

Area definitions



Electrical Connection



Accessories

DA5-IU-C Digital display unit

3RX4000-PF PC interface

V15S-M16-500 Receptacles, M12/M16, 5-pin

V15S-G-2M-PVC

Cable connector, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable



Danger!

This product must not be used in applications in which the safety of persons depends on the device function.

This product is not a safety component in accordance with the EU Machinery Directive.

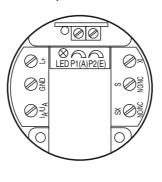
Assembly and connection

When installing the sensor, make sure that the space filled by the sound cone is free from interfering objects. Objects in the blind zone cause cause false signals. Implement suitable measures to ensure that objects cannot enter the blind zone.

The electrical connection is made via screw terminals. The connections are protected against reverse polarity, short circuits and overloads. Shielded cables are recommended if there is electrical interference.

Setting

The detection range limits S_{min} and S_{max} are fixed (see Technical data). Within these limits, the switch points A and E are set using a potentiometer. Switch point A must be smaller than switch point E. If this is not the case, the LED flashes and correct switching is not possible.



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Parameterisation via SONPROG

The following parameters can be changed via the SONPROG parameterisation software:

- Measuring range limits S_{min} and S_{max}
- Switch-on and switch-off points E and A
- Blind zone
- Averaging
- Analogue limits
- Analogue characteristic, rising/falling

Operation

Within the detection range, which is restricted by the detection range limits S_{min} and S_{max} , the object distance is detected. Objects with an even, smooth surface can have a maximum inclination of 3° to the direction of sound propagation. With rough, uneven surfaces the angular deviation can be bigger. The actual value depends significantly on the object finish and should be obtained experimentally if necessary.

Behaviour of the switch outputs:

- If the object is at a distance > E, both switch outputs are in standby mode.
- If the object is between E and A, switch output S is activated and switch output SX is in standby mode.
- If the object is at a distance < A, switch output SX is activated and switch output S is in standby mode.

Behaviour of the analogue output:

The object distance between the detection range limits (S_{min} , S_{max}) are displayed in the form of an analogue output signal at the analogue output. The analogue output delivers its minimum value at distance S_{min} and its maximum value at distance S_{max} . The characteristic between the two measuring range limits is linear. Outside of S_{max} the analogue output retains its maximum value.

Display:

The sensor has an LED. It lights up continuously when the output terminal S is carrying a voltage. It flashes when switch points A and E are set incorrectly (see Setting). Function input XI

The sensor is placed in standby mode by connecting a low level at the function input XI (blocked release). The sensors then performs no measurements. The switch outputs retain the most recent status. As soon as function input XI is disconnected from the low level or a high level is connected (release), the sensor resumes its normal function after the release period has expired.

The function input XI can be used during operation for the synchronisation of multiple sensors in the event of mutual interefence. The following synchronisation modes are possible:

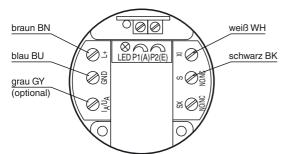
- Triggering of each individual sensor with a separate control signal, e.g. by a PLC (external synchronisation).
- Connection of the function inputs XI of all sensors and joint triggering with an external control signal, e.g. by a PLC (external synchronisation, common-mode operation).
- Connection of the function inputs XI of all sensors and without triggering with an external signal (internal synchronisation, multiplex mode).

Maintenance

The ultrasonic sensor is maintenance-free. However, the converter surface must not be wet, damaged, painted or covered with material deposits.

Connecting the PC interface 3RX4000-PF to use SONPROG

This sensor can be parameterised using SONPROG for an optimum adaptation to the application. Therefore the sensor provides communication with the 3RX4000-PF PC interface. To connect to the 3RX4000-PF PC interface a 4- or 5-pin M12 male cable connector is reqired. We recommend e. g. an adapter V15S-M16-500 or a cable connector V15S-G-2M-PVC. Please connect the wires to the sensors terminals as shown, below.



The terminals I_A/U_A (analog output) and SX (2^{na} switching output) are not needed for programming.

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